



Development
and initial
evaluation of a
school-based
intervention for
ADHD

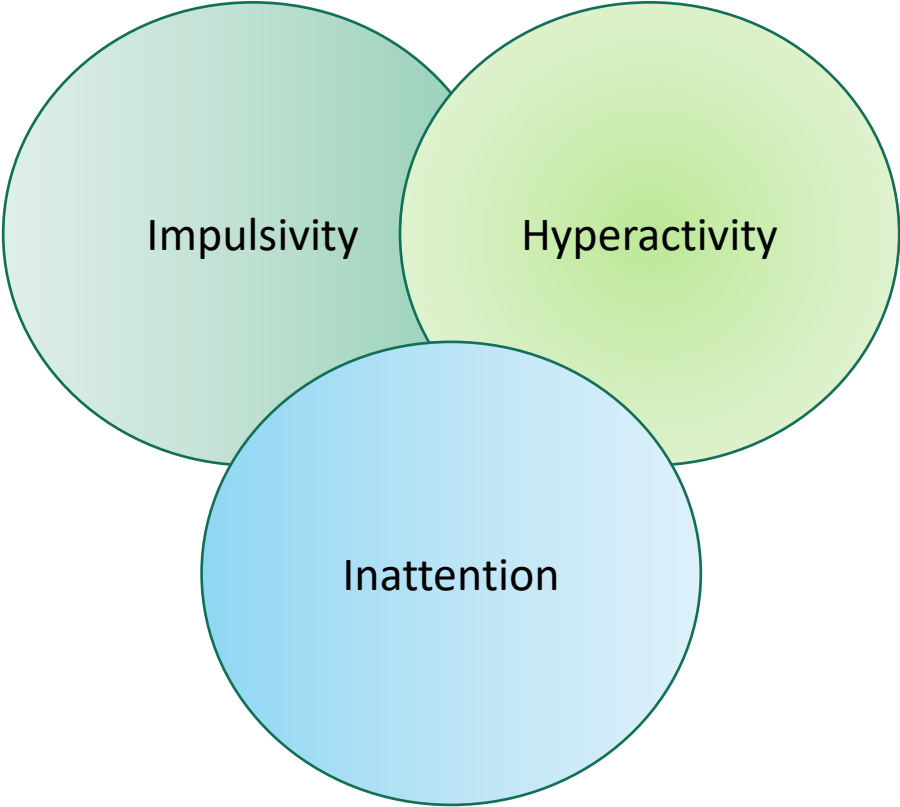
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Overview

- ADHD
- What's the evidence about what works?
- What resources would I recommend
- Introduction to Tools for Schools project
- How you can be involved

ADHD



What is the evidence about what works?

- Using functional behaviour analysis to understand behaviours (don't simply attribute to ADHD)
- Classroom contingency management: behaviour strategies such as **Daily report cards**, token economies, time-out from positive reinforcement, labelled praise, effective commands and requests, planned ignoring- used more intensively than for other students as those with ADHD often have a lot of (negative) corrective feedback
- Academic interventions
- Organisation skills training, time management (especially for adolescents)
- Homework support
- Training adaptive skills (e.g. note taking, social skills)

Educators experiences of managing ADHD: a qualitative study

- How do educators respond to ADHD?

Broad strategies

Student-centred

Inclusive strategies

- Encouraging appropriate classroom behaviour, increasing study skills, helping students to work with peers
- Using physical activity: movement breaks, lots of opportunities/reasons to get up
- Rewards? (delay aversion, smaller-sooner)
- Pupil passport
- Engaging individual interests
- Academic work that is appropriately challenging but *can be completed*, need to achieve things

- What are the barriers and facilitators?


Labelling

Medication



Relationships

Best Practices in School Mental Health for Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder: A Framework for Intervention

Gregory A. Fabiano¹ · Kellina Pyle¹

Research Synthesis |  Full Access |

School-based interventions for attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder: A systematic review with multiple synthesis methods

Darren A. Moore , Abigail E. Russell, Justin Matthews, Tamsin J. Ford, Morwenna Rogers, Obioha C. Ukoumunne, Dylan Kneale, Jo Thompson-Coon, Katy Sutcliffe, Michael Nunns ... [See all authors](#) 

Child: care, health and development

Original Article

[doi:10.1111/cch.12448](https://doi.org/10.1111/cch.12448)

Educators' experiences of managing students with ADHD: a qualitative study

D. A. Moore,* A. E. Russell,* S. Arnell† and T. J. Ford*

Key authors

- Qualitative study in the South West (Russell et al., Moore et al.)
- Reviews of school-based interventions for ADHD (Moore, Richardson, Du Paul, Fabiano, Daley)
- “Big names” in ADHD and psychological interventions: those above plus Linda Pfiffner, Andrea Chronis-Tuscano, Marina Danckaerts, Josh Langberg & Steven Evans (organisation skills), Edmund Sonuga-Barke (parent interventions), Russell Barkley and James Pelham (the “OGs”)

Resources



<https://www.adhdfoundation.org.uk/>



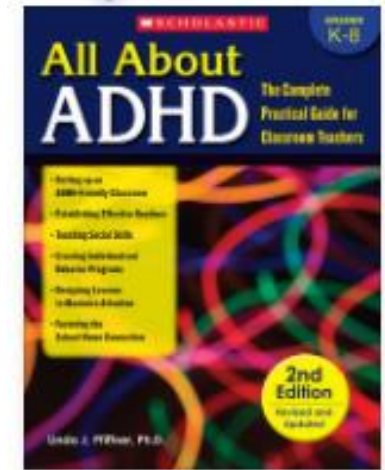
<https://www.minded.org.uk/>



The Association
for Child and Adolescent
Mental Health

<https://www.acamh.org/> (ADHD topic
guide, blogs, article summaries)

<https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg72/evidence/full-guideline-pdf-241963165>





www.blogs.exeter.ac.uk/toolsforschools



Development and initial evaluation of a school-based intervention for ADHD

Principal Investigator: Abby Russell
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Phase 1 (2020-2022)

- Evidence synthesis of interventions for outcomes targeted by toolkit
- Develop prototype toolkit using Intervention Mapping

Phase 2 (2022-2025)

- Experimental feasibility study in 8 primary schools
- 16-32 children with impairing traits of ADHD
- Multiple baseline case series to refine and adapt prototype toolkit

Toolkit targets

ADHD symptoms (inattention, hyperactivity, impulsivity)
classroom functioning
conflict with teachers and peers
executive functioning
global functioning/quality of life
organisation skills
self-esteem

Toolkit co-creation:

Parents

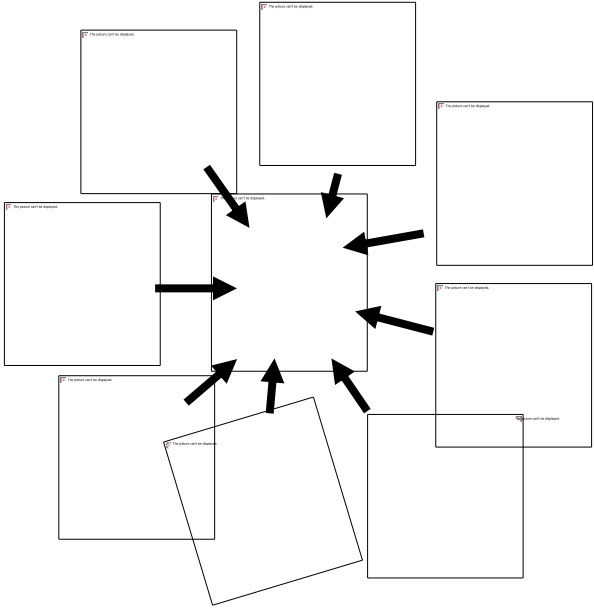


People with
ADHD

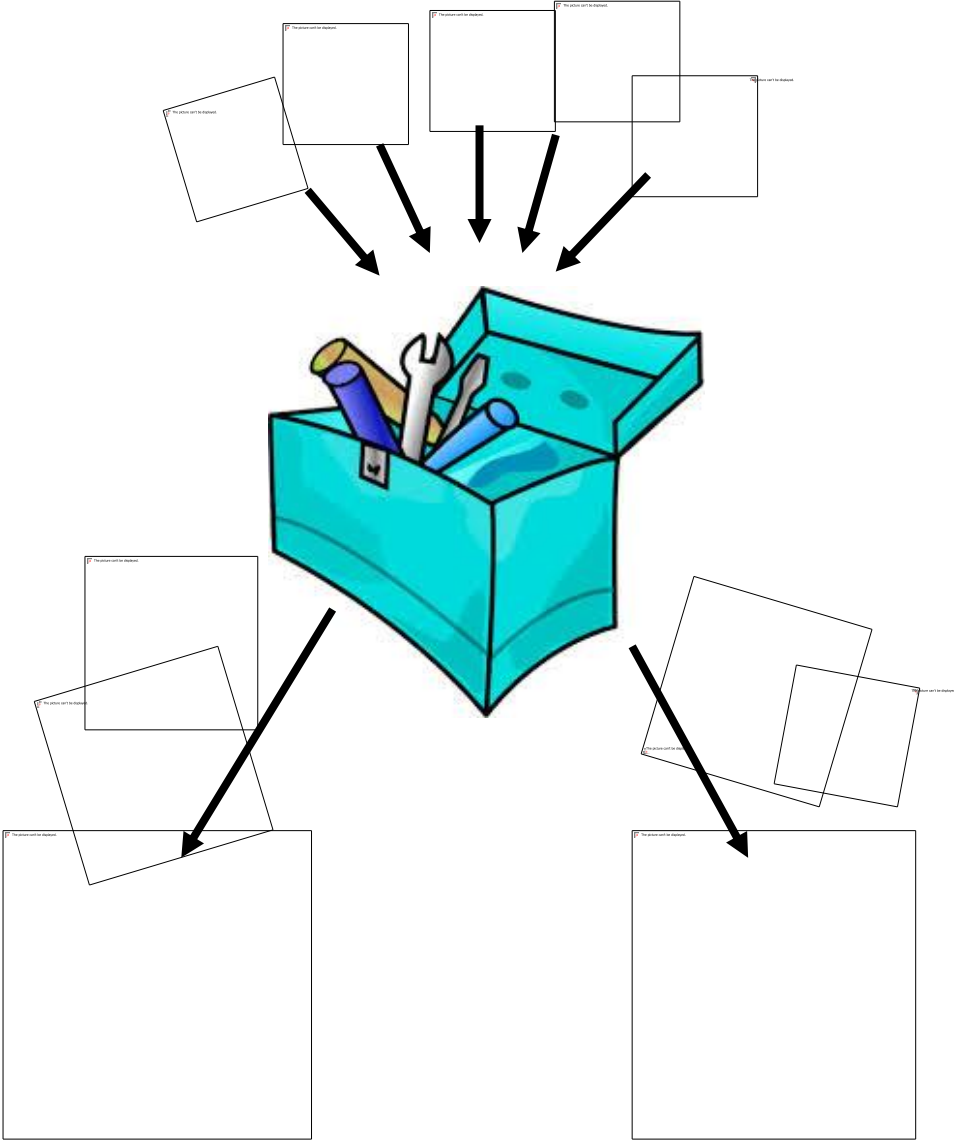
School staff

Psychologists

The problem



The solution



“Toolkit” of
intervention strategies

Overarching Aim:

To develop an acceptable and feasible intervention for ADHD in primary schools that is feasible to further evaluate in a methodologically rigorous trial. The intervention will take the form of a 'toolkit' of strategies.

Toolkit targets

- ADHD symptoms (inattention, hyperactivity, impulsivity)
- classroom functioning
- conflict with teachers and peers
- executive functioning
- global functioning/quality of life
- organisation skills
- self-esteem

The main aims are to:

1. **Develop** a prototype toolkit
2. **Refine** the toolkit so that it is feasible and acceptable to implement in the school setting
3. **Establish** whether a future definitive trial of efficacy is feasible

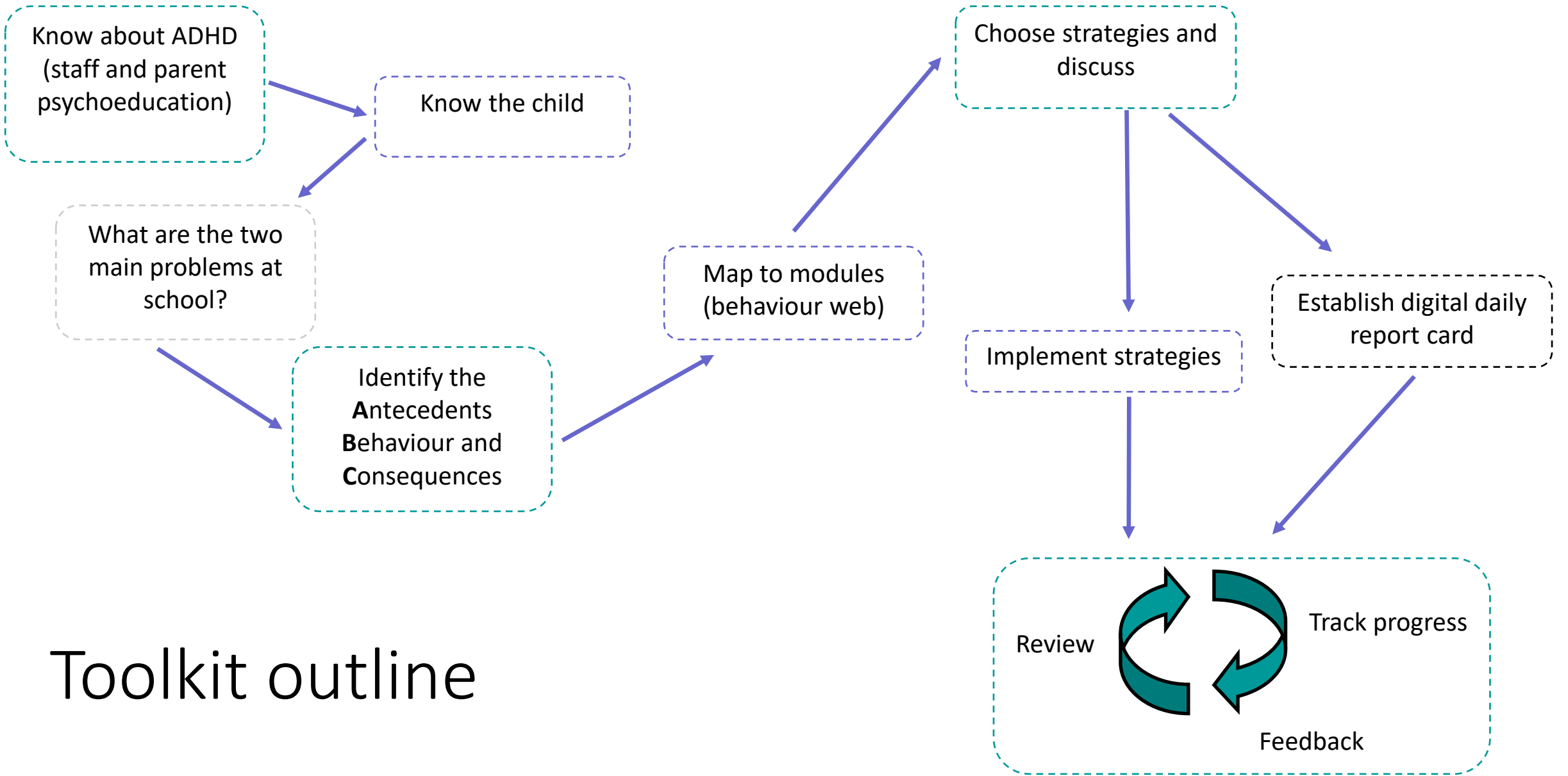
Planning group members

	Primary expertise
1	SENCo
2	SENCo
3	Educational psychologist
4	Educational psychologist
5	Occupational therapist, ADHD
6	Adult with ADHD
7	Parent
8	Parent
9	ADHD and parent
10	Trainee health psychologist
11	Parent, prior SEN teacher
12	CAMHS clinician

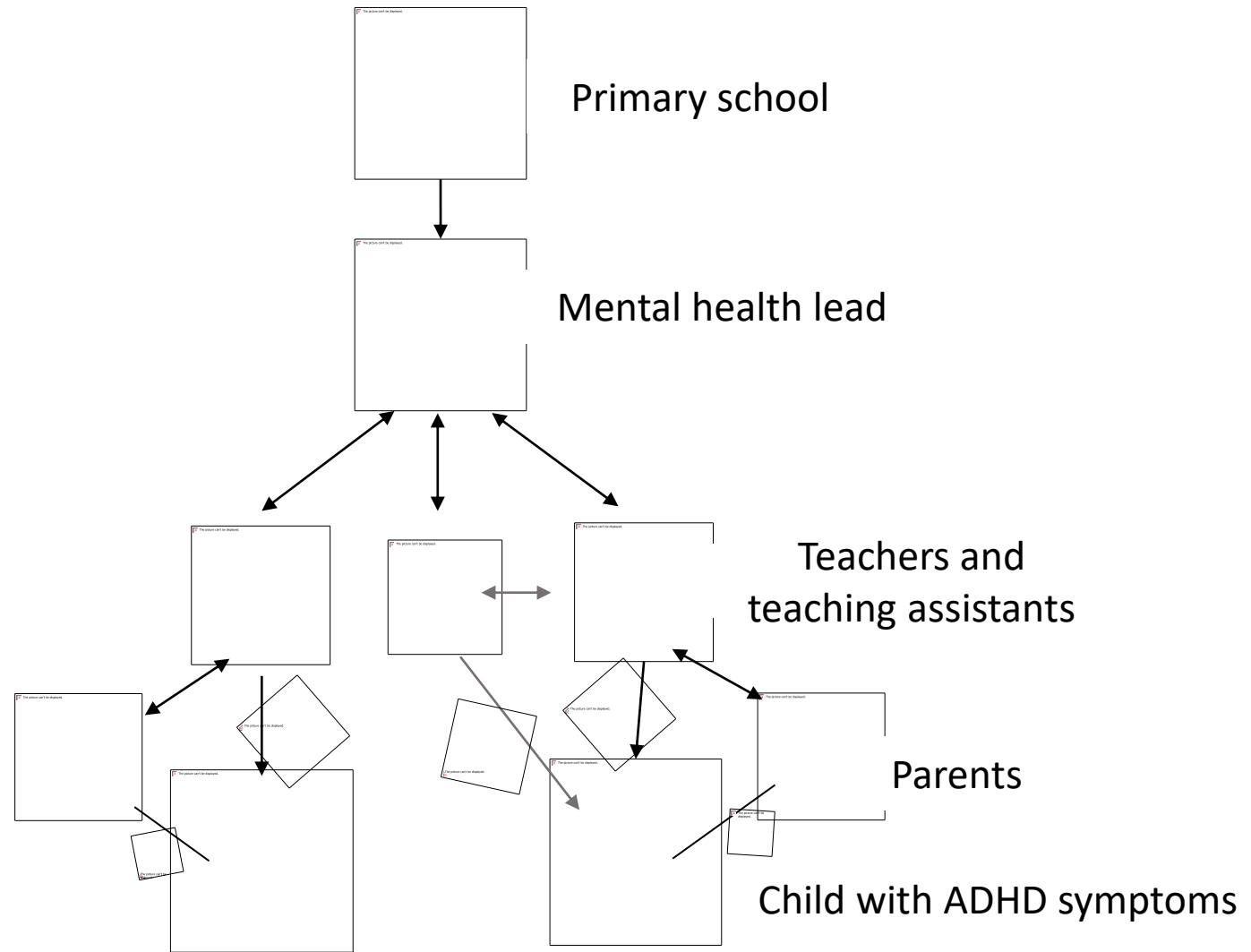
How can you be involved?

- Linking up with schools, teachers, TA's
- Families and children with ADHD
- Patient/public engagement (planning group)
- vs research participants (feasibility study)

Toolkit outline



Participant structure



	School	Summer 2022	Autumn 2022	Spring 2023	Summer 2023	Autumn 2023	Spring 2024	Summer 2024	Autumn 2024	Spring 2025
Recruitment cohort 1	1	Grey	Blue	Green						
	2	Grey	Grey	Blue	Green	Green				
	3	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	Blue	Green			
	4	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	Blue	Green			
Recruitment cohort 2	5				Grey	Grey	Blue	Green		
	6				Grey	Grey	Blue	Green		
	7				Grey	Grey	Grey	Blue	Green	
	8				Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	Blue	Green

Grey- baseline, blue – intervention, green- follow-up.



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@DrAbbyRussell

Outcome	Measure
Child ADHD symptoms (primary outcome)	Strengths and Weaknesses of ADHD-symptoms and Normal-behavior
Classroom functioning (primary outcome)	Social Skills improvement system rating scales (measures social, academic and competing problem behaviours)
Child dimensional psychopathology	Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire
Child satisfaction with school	How I Feel About My School
Child quality of life	Child Health Utility for Economic Evaluation
Healthcare and education resource use	Develop through drawing on the Client Service Receipt Inventory and measures in the Database of Instruments for Resource Use Management repository
Teacher wellbeing	Warwick-Edinburgh mental wellbeing scale, Work Productivity and Activity Impairment Questionnaire
Observational measures of classroom behaviour	Behavioral Observation of Students in Schools, Classroom observation code, Teacher-Pupil observation tool

Behaviour

Module

Measures

Fidgets
Running around
Can't sit still
Can't stay in room
Rocking
In and out of seat
Always on the go
Runs across roads
Calls out
Working quickly and carelessly
Sense of danger/safety
Following sources of distraction e.g. leaving the room/running to window to see what the source of a noise is

Hyperactivity

Impulsivity

SDQ HI score >6
Conners...
Observational measure

SDQ HI score >6
Conners...
Observational measure

Problems staying on task

Distractible

Loses focus

No concentration

Problems listening to instructions

Aggressive

Swearing

Bullied

Bullying

Problems with friendships

Incomplete work

Poor marks

Problems organising belongings

Forgetting books, pencil etc

Inattention

Conduct

Social

Academic

Organisation

Conners...

Observational measure

SDQ conduct problems score >6

SDQ peer relationship problems score, pro social skills

Low attainment

COSS score...

Behaviour web

Continuation criteria

	Green acceptable	Amber discuss, modify	Red stop
Recruitment of schools	6 or more	5	4 or fewer
Recruitment- teachers, children, parents	>65%	20-65%	<20%
Retention of schools, teachers, children and parents in study	>65%	40-65%	<40%
Training completed (teachers)	>90%	70-90%	<70%
Introductory video watched (parents)	>50%	20-50%	<20%
Child strengths activity completed	>50%	20-50%	<20%
Adherence to digital Daily Report Card	>70%	50-70%	<50%
Teacher-completed measures	>70%	50-70%	<50%
Parent-completed measures	>50%	20-50%	<20%
Child-completed measures	> 70%	50-70%	<50%
Observational measures	>50%	20-50%	<20%
Attendance at toolkit-related meetings	>75%	40-75%	<40%
Percentage of occasions toolkit reportedly used as instructed	>75%	50-75%	<50%
Follow-up measures completed	>50%	20-50%	N/A