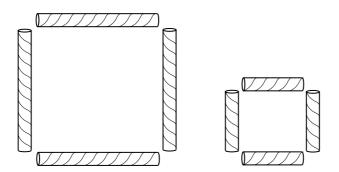
## Puzzles and problems for Years 5 and 6

### Square it up

You need six drinking straws each the same length. Cut two of them in half.

You now have eight straws, four long and four short.

You can make 2 squares from the eight straws.



Arrange your eight straws to make 3 squares, all the same size.



#### **Teaching objectives**

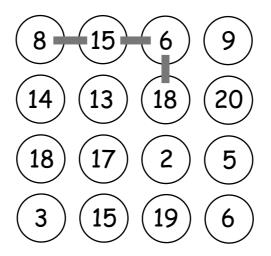
Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Visualise 2-D shapes.

### Joins

Join any four numbers.

Find their total.

Joins can go up, down or sideways, but not diagonally. The score shown is 8 + 15 + 6 + 18 = 47.



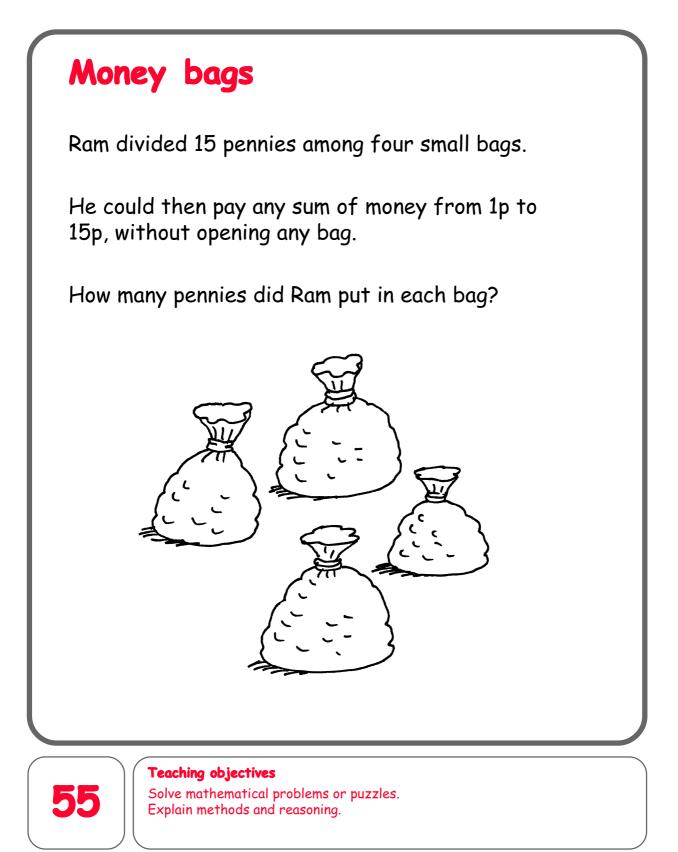
Find the highest possible score. Find the lowest possible score.

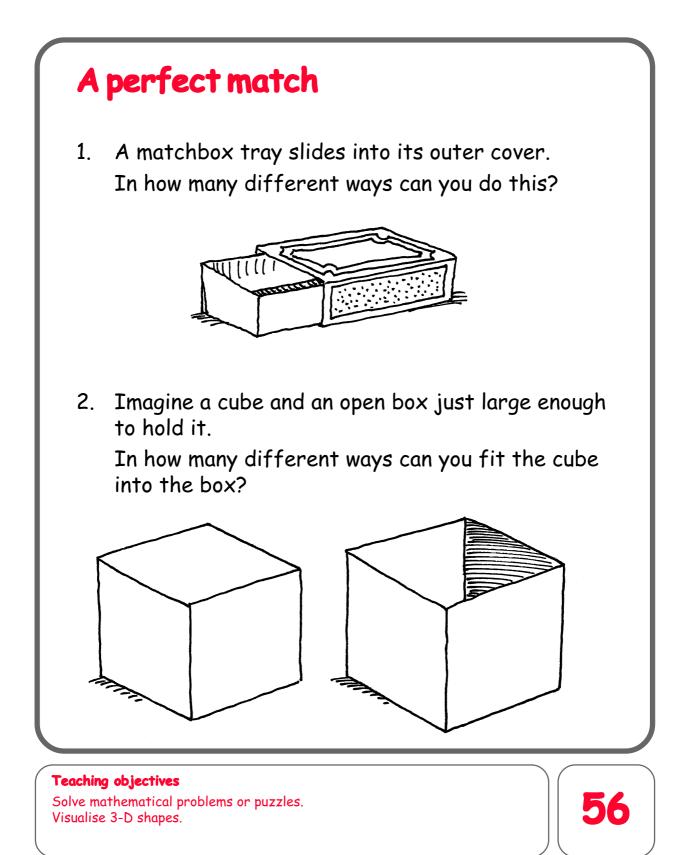
Try joining five numbers. Now try joining five numbers using only diagonal joins.

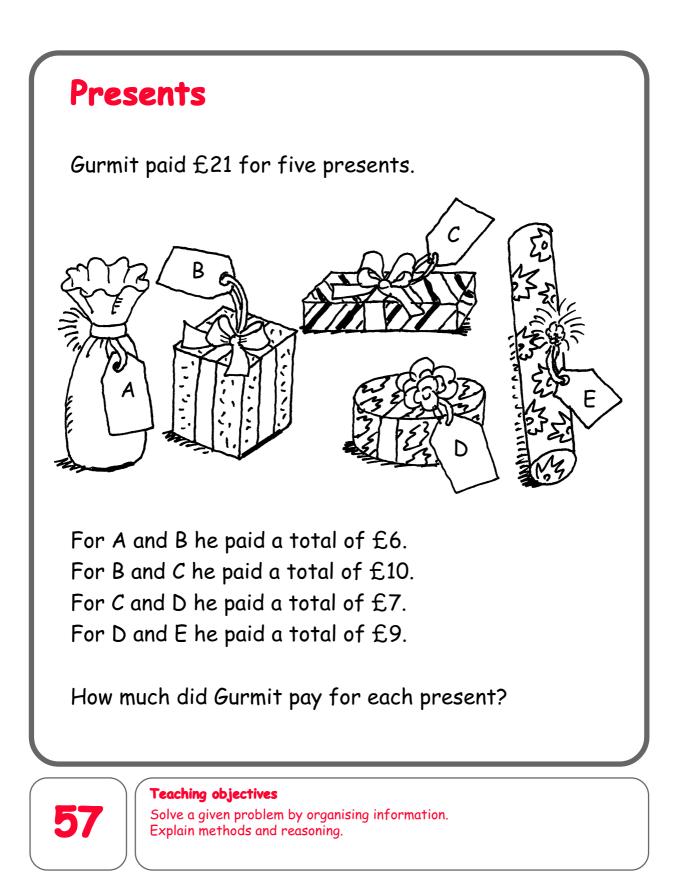
#### Teaching objectives

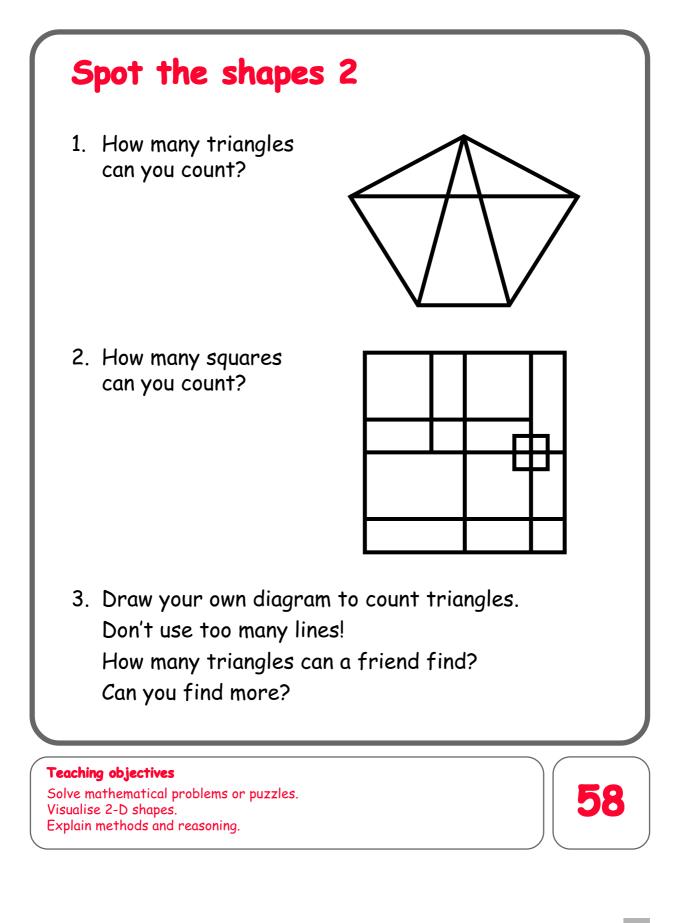
Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Add and subtract two-digit numbers mentally.







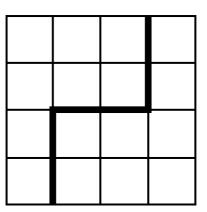




### Four by four

You need some squared paper.

This 4 by 4 grid is divided into two identical parts. Each part has the same area and the same shape.



Find five more ways of dividing the grid into two identical parts by drawing along the lines of the grid. Rotations and reflections do not count as different!

Explore ways of dividing a 4 by 4 grid into two parts with equal areas but different shapes.



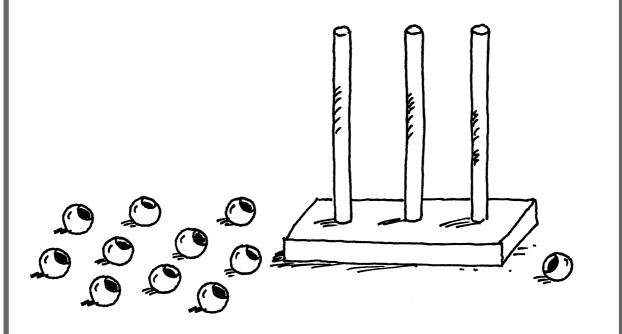
#### Teaching objectives

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Visualise 2-D shapes. Find fractions of shapes.

### Three digits

Imagine you have 25 beads.

You have to make a three-digit number on an abacus. You must use all 25 beads for each number you make.



How many different three-digit numbers can you make? Write them in order.

Teaching objectives

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Know what each digit represents. Order a set of whole numbers.



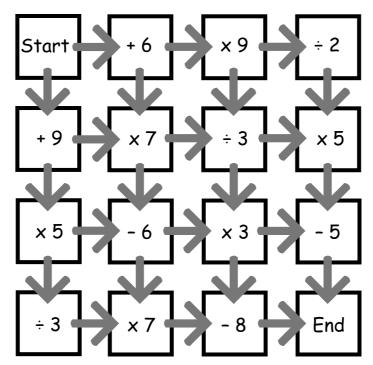
# Make five numbers Take ten cards numbered 0 to 9. Each time use all ten cards. Arrange the cards to make: five numbers that are multiples of 3 α. b. five numbers that are multiples of 7 c. five prime numbers Make up more problems to use all ten cards to make five special numbers. **Teaching objectives** 61 Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Know 3 and 7 times tables.

Recognise prime numbers.

### Maze

Start with zero.

Find a route from 'Start' to 'End' that totals 100 exactly.



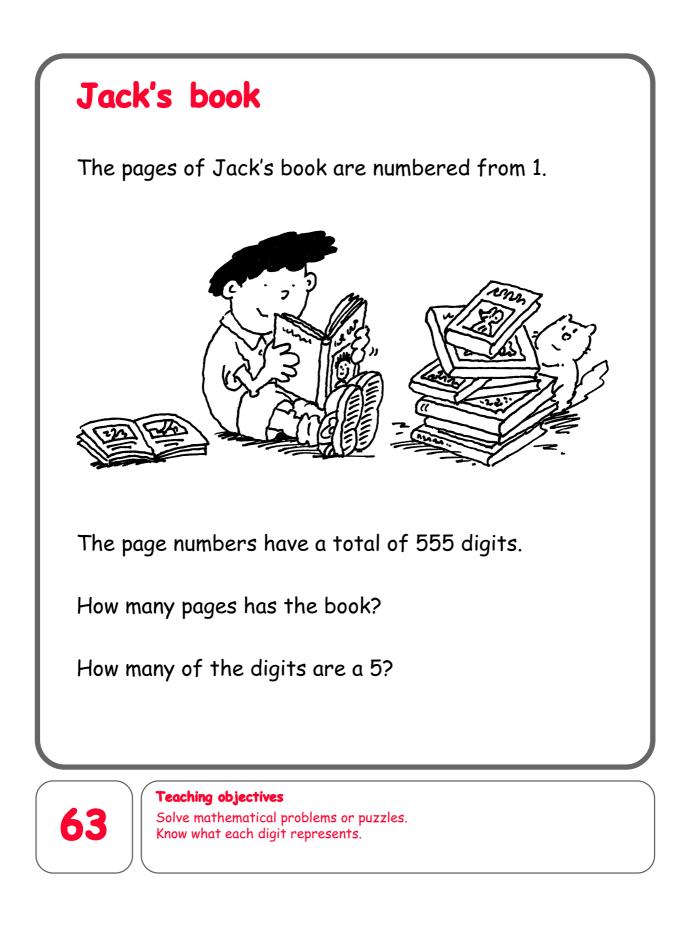
Which route has the highest total? Which has the lowest total?

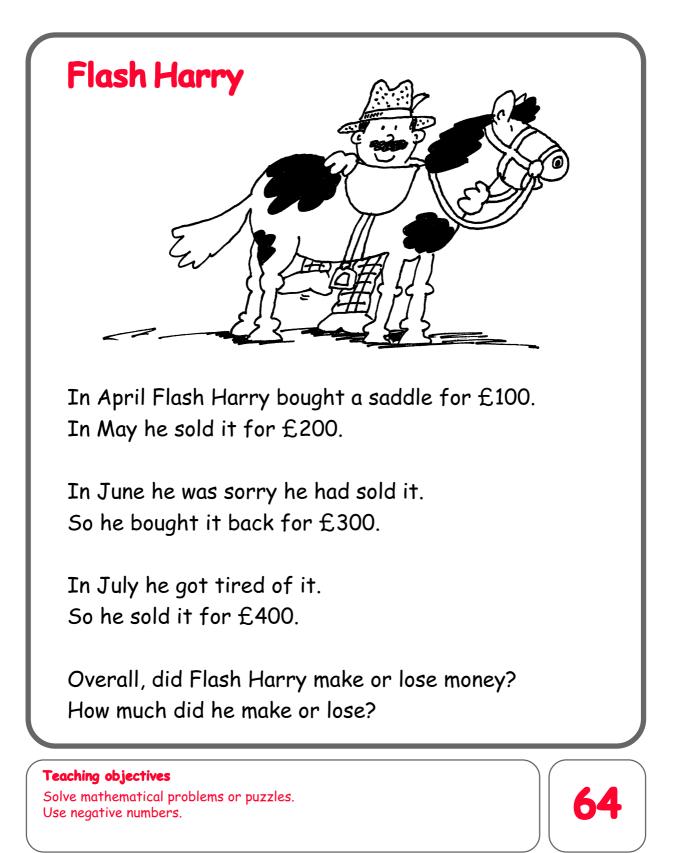
Now try some different starting numbers.

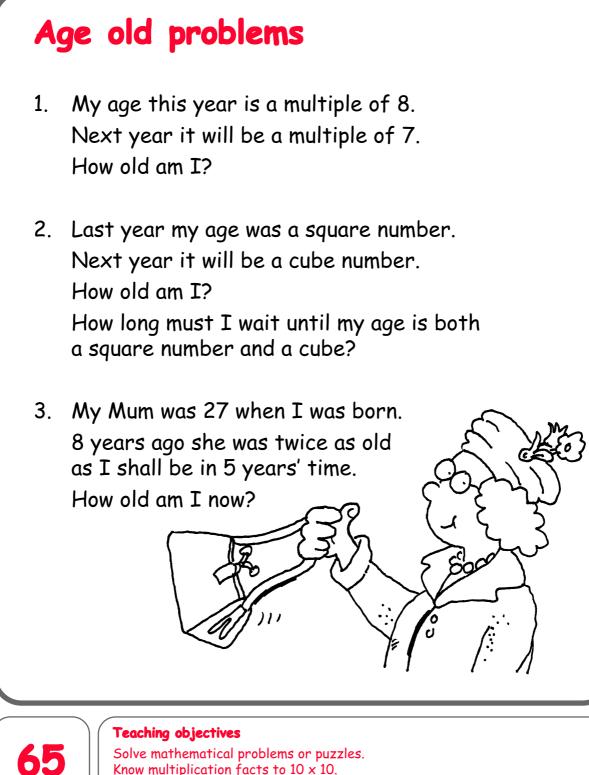
### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Add and subtract two-digit numbers mentally. Multiply and divide by single-digit numbers.

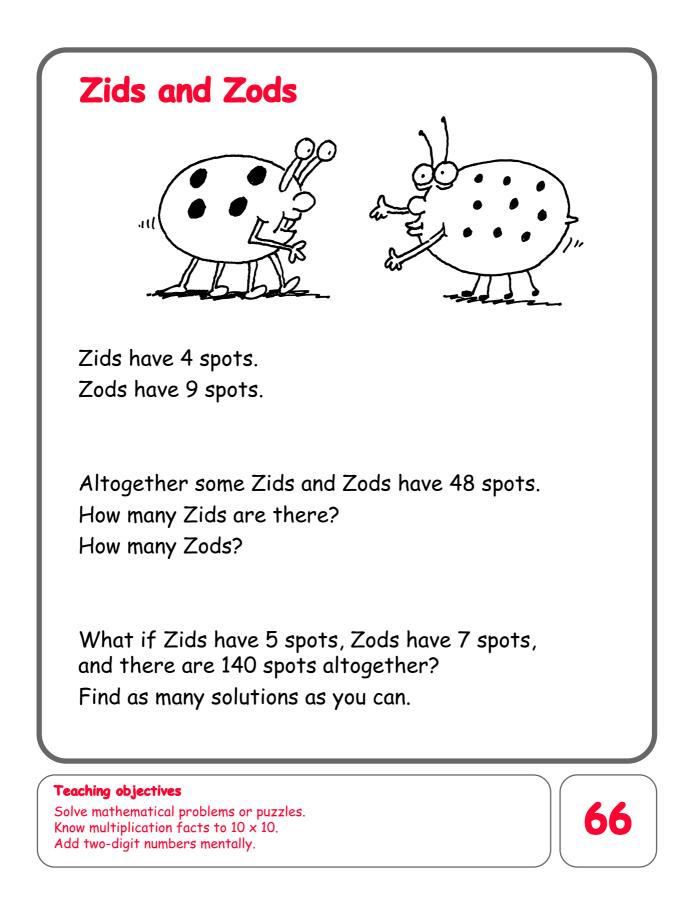


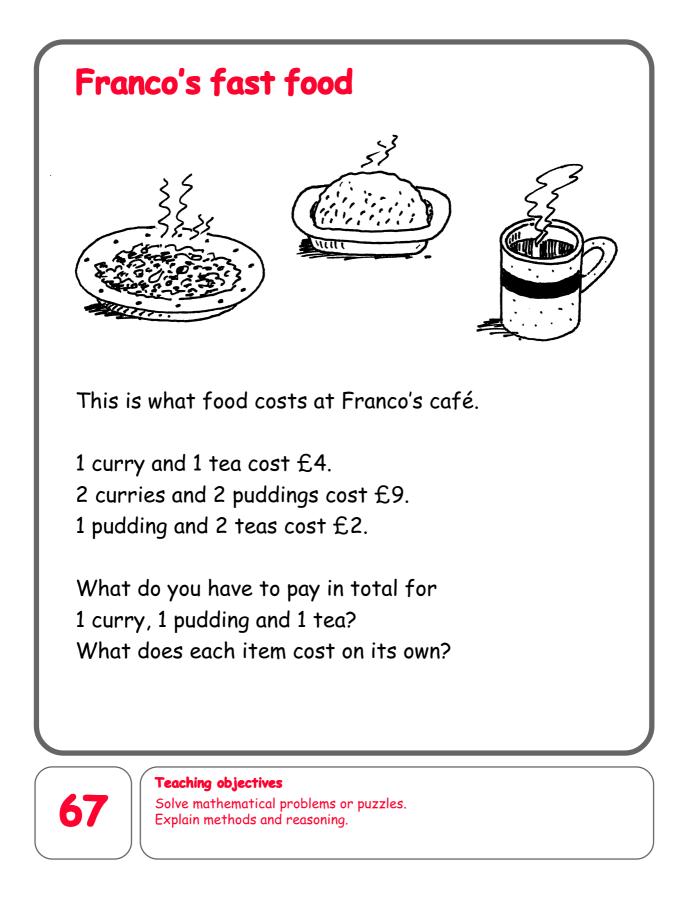






Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Know multiplication facts to  $10 \times 10$ . Recognise square and cube numbers.





### Albert Square



36 people live in the eight houses in Albert Square. Each house has a different number of people living in it. Each line of three houses has 15 people living in it. How many people live in each house?

#### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Add several small numbers mentally. Explain methods and reasoning.



### Coins on the table

Anna put some 10p coins on the table. One half of them were tails up.



Anna turned over two of the coins, and then one third of them were tails up.

How many coins did Anna put on the table?

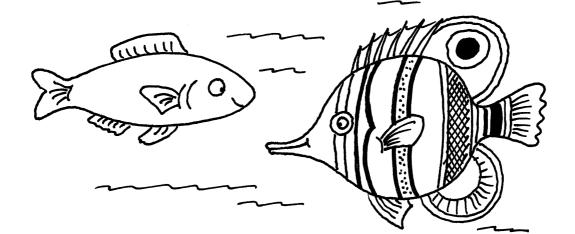


#### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Understand simple fractions. Explain methods and reasoning.

### A bit fishy

A goldfish costs £1.80. An angel fish costs £1.40.

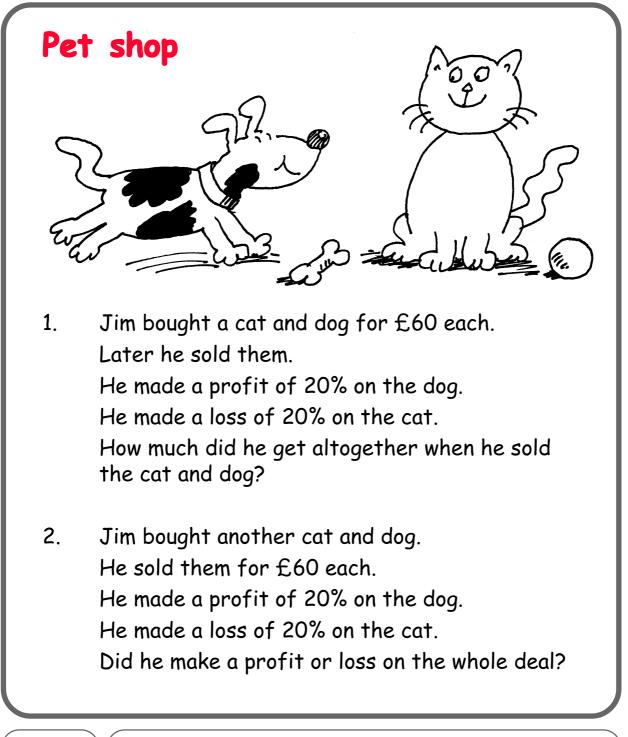


Nasreen paid exactly £20 for some fish. How many of each kind did she buy?

#### **Teaching objectives**

Solve problems involving ratio and proportion. Choose and use efficient calculation strategies to solve a problem. Explain methods and reasoning.

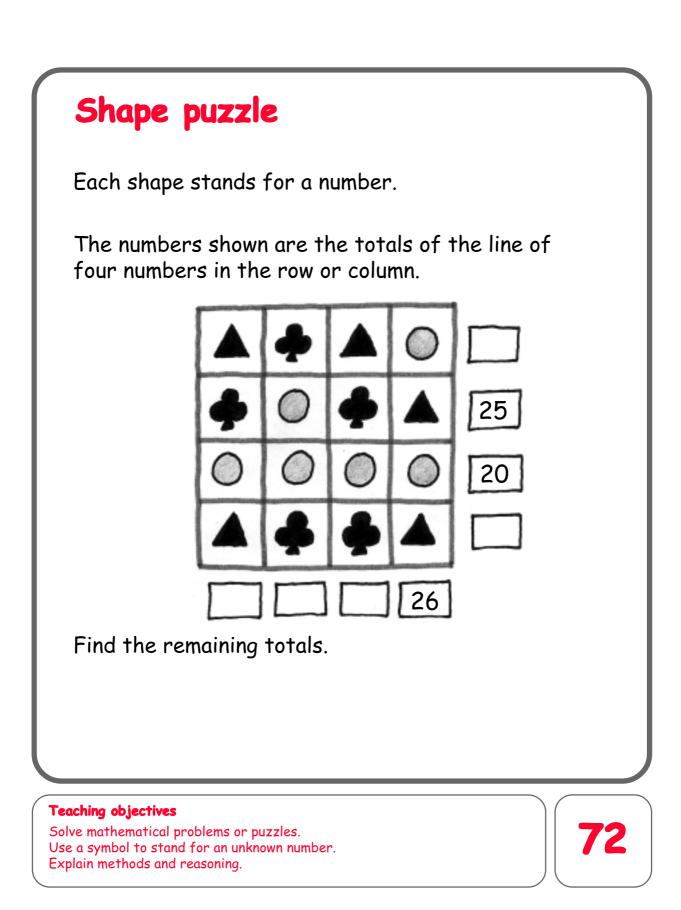


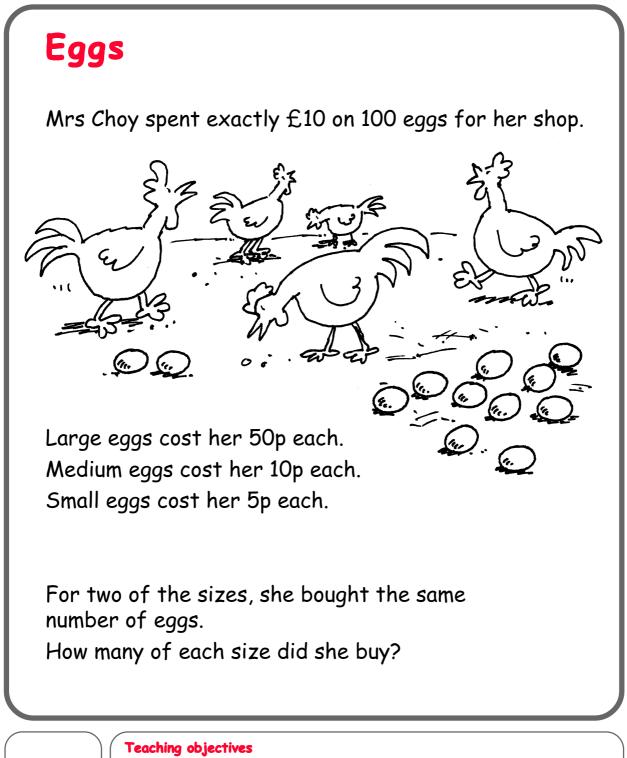




#### **Teaching objectives**

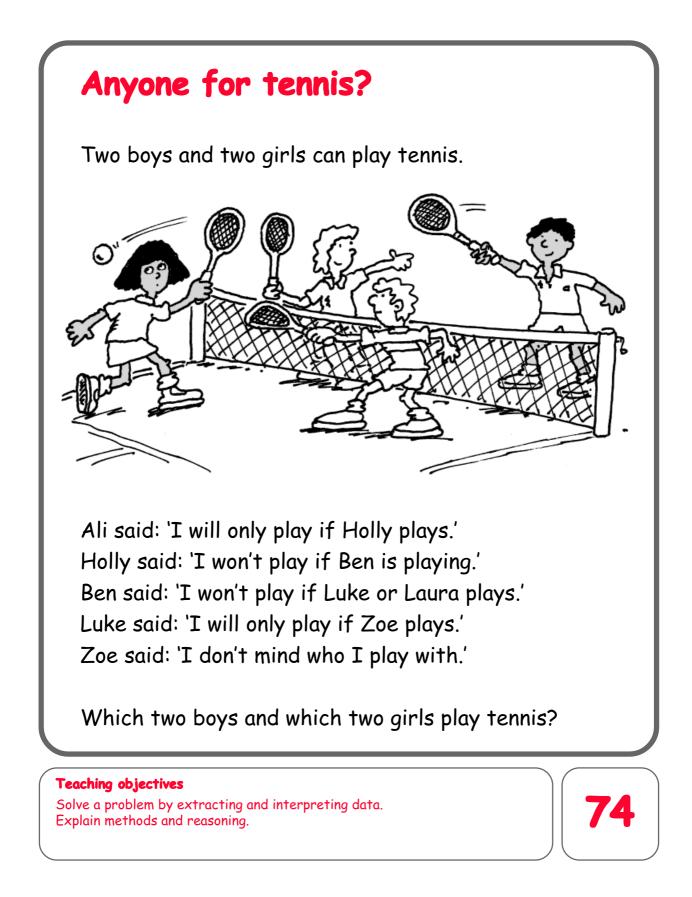
Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Find simple percentages.

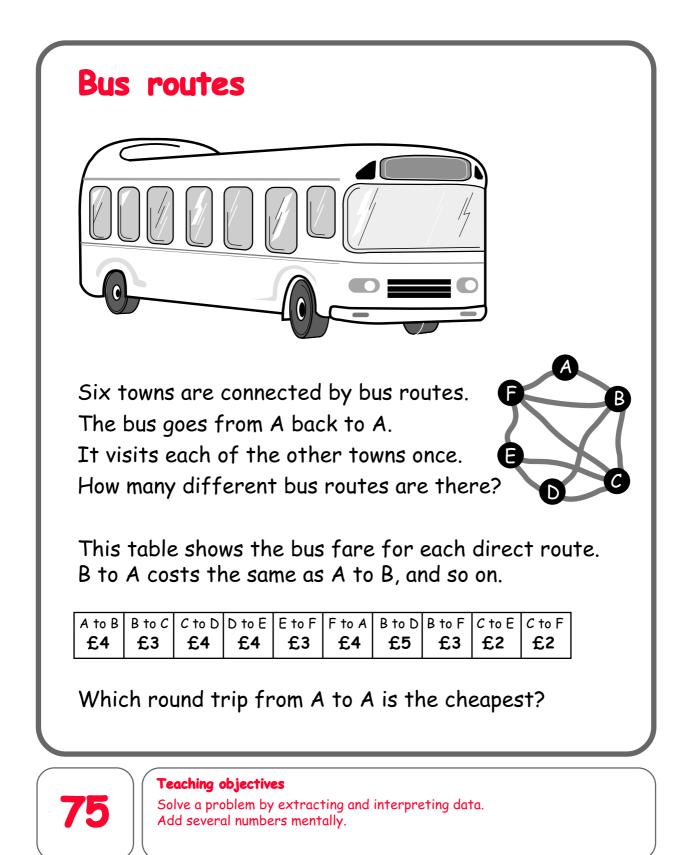




Solve problems involving ratio and proportion. Explain methods and reasoning.

73





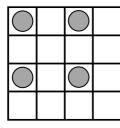
### **Slick Jim** Slick Jim won the lottery. 田 田 団 田 田田田 He spent two thirds of his winnings on a very posh house. He spent two thirds of what he had left on a luxury yacht. 63 Then he spent two thirds of what Elec he had left on a hot air balloon. He spent his last £20000 on a E A P flashy car. How much did Slick Jim win on the lottery? **Teaching objectives** 76 Solve a problem by organising information. Find fractions of quantities.

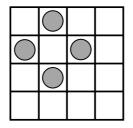
Understand the relationship between multiplication and division.

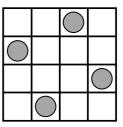
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### All square

On each of these grids, the counters lie at the four corners of a square.





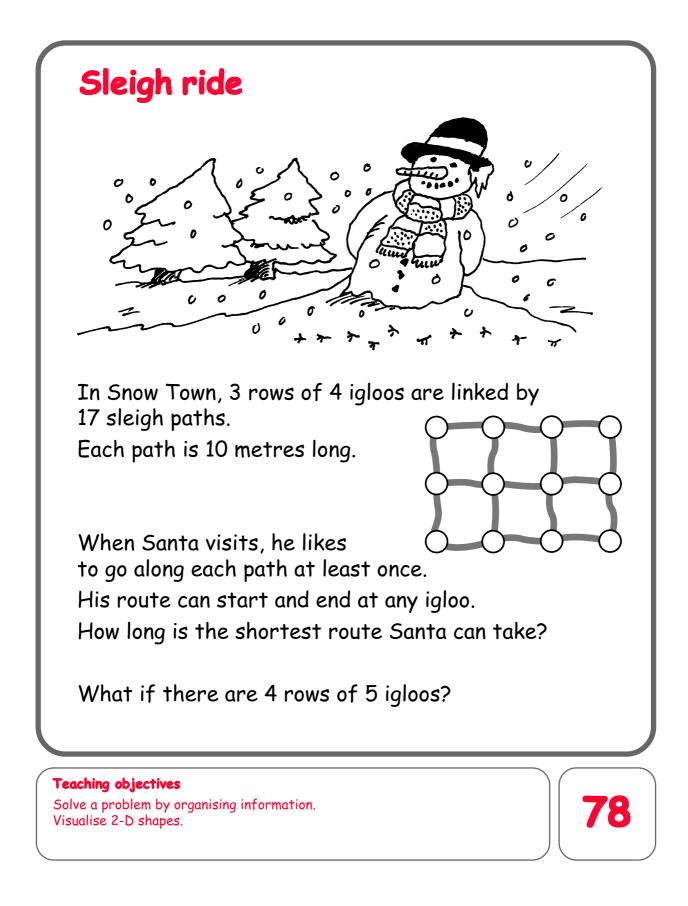


What is the greatest number of counters you can place on this grid without four of them lying at the corners of a square?

#### **Teaching objectives**

Solve a problem by organising information. Visualise 2-D shapes.

77

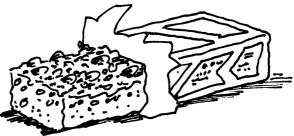


## Spendthrift

Choc bars cost 26p each.



Fruit bars cost 18p each.



Anil spent exactly  $\pm 5$  on a mixture of choc bars and fruit bars.

How many of each did he buy?

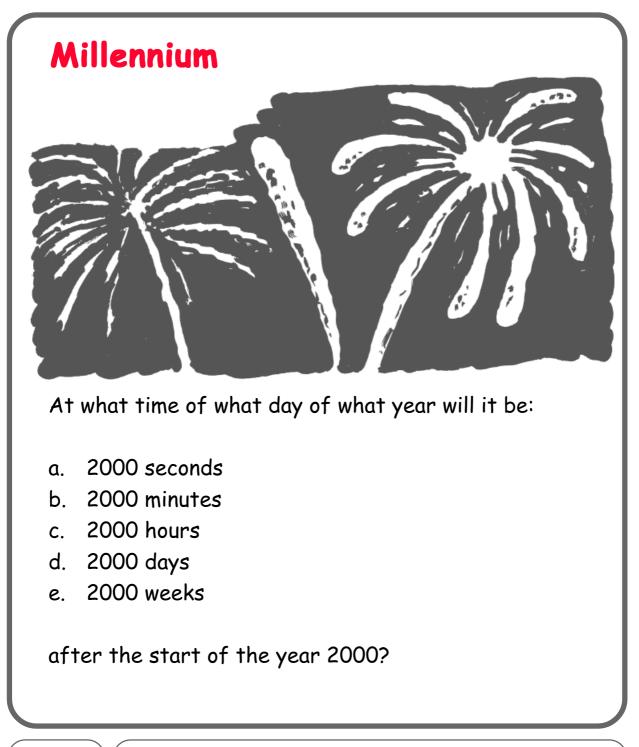


### Teaching objectives

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Choose and use efficient calculation strategies to solve a problem. Add sums of money.



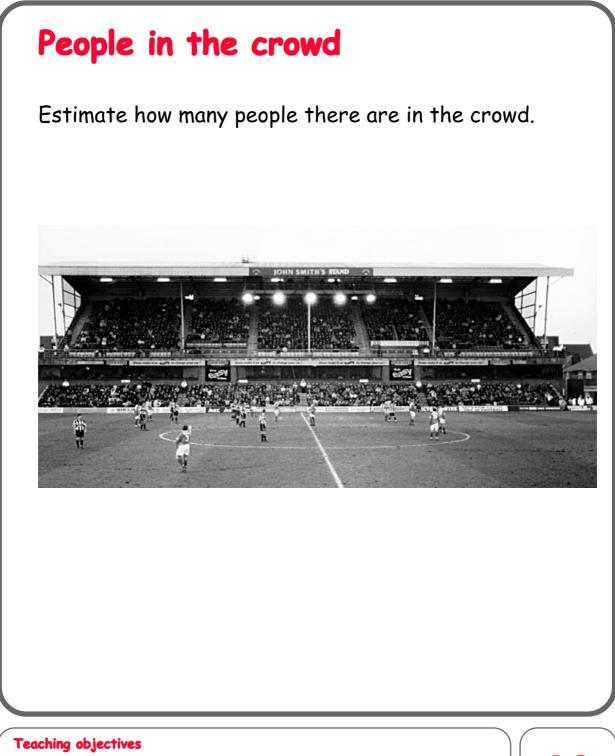
Estimate lengths and convert units of capacity. Develop calculator skills and use a calculator effectively.





#### **Teaching objectives**

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Convert smaller to larger units of time. Develop calculator skills and use a calculator effectively.

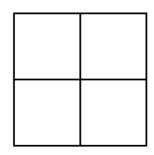


Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Count larger collections by grouping. Give a sensible estimate. 82

### Make 200

## 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

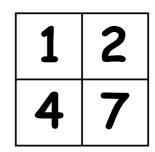
Choose four of these digits. Each one must be different. Put one digit in each box.



This makes two 2-digit numbers reading across and two 2-digit numbers reading down. Add up all four of the numbers.

In this example the total is 100.

12 + 47 + 14 + 27 = 100



How many different ways of making 200 can you find?

## 83

### Teaching objectives

Solve mathematical problems or puzzles. Know what each digit represents. Add several two-digit numbers.